



Borehole **30-05-06**

Log Event **A**

**Borehole Information**

Farm : <u>C</u>	Tank : <u>C-105</u>	Site Number : <u>299-E27-119</u>
N-Coord : <u>42,814</u>	W-Coord : <u>48,353</u>	TOC Elevation : <u>646.00</u>
Water Level, ft :	Date Drilled : <u>7/31/1974</u>	

**Casing Record**

Type : <u>Steel-welded</u>	Thickness : <u>0.280</u>	ID, in. : <u>6</u>
Top Depth, ft. : <u>0</u>	Bottom Depth, ft. : <u>60</u>	

**Borehole Notes:**

This borehole was drilled in July 1974 to a depth of 60 ft using 6-in. casing. The drilling report does not indicate that the borehole casing was perforated or grouted. The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of the published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel tubing. The top of the casing, which is the zero reference for the SGLS, is approximately 4 in. above the ground surface.

**Equipment Information**

Logging System : <u>2</u>	Detector Type : <u>HPGe</u>	Detector Efficiency: <u>35.0 %</u>
Calibration Date : <u>10/1996</u>	Calibration Reference : <u>GJO-HAN-13</u>	Logging Procedure : <u>P-GJPO-1783</u>

**Log Run Information**

Log Run Number : <u>1</u>	Log Run Date : <u>01/22/1997</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Bob Spatz</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>0.0</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>25.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>
Log Run Number : <u>2</u>	Log Run Date : <u>01/22/1997</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Bob Spatz</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>57.5</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>41.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>
Log Run Number : <u>3</u>	Log Run Date : <u>01/23/1997</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Bob Spatz</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>42.0</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>24.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>



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### Analysis Information

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Analyst : E. Larsen

Data Processing Reference : P-GJPO-1787

Analysis Date : 07/02/1997

#### Analysis Notes :

This borehole was logged by the SGLS in three log runs. The pre- and post-survey field verification spectra met the acceptance criteria established for the peak shape and detector efficiency, confirming that the SGLS was operating within specifications. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from these spectra were used to establish the channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

Casing correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing were applied during analysis.

The man-made radionuclides Cs-137 and U-235 were detected in this borehole. The Cs-137 contamination was detected continuously from the ground surface to 33.5 ft and from 37.5 ft to the bottom of the logged interval (57.5 ft). A single occurrence of U-235 was detected at the ground surface.

Most of the U-238 concentration data are absent from the ground surface to 2.5 ft.

The K-40 concentration values increase significantly from 38.5 to 39.5 ft and become variable from about 40 to 53.5 ft.

Additional information and interpretations of log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Reports for tanks C-104 and C-105.

#### Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations.

Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.

A combination plot includes the man-made and natural radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.

An additional log plot compares spectral gamma data collected with the Radionuclide Logging System (RLS) in 1993 with spectral gamma data collected with the SGLS in 1997. Uncertainty bars and MDLs are not included on these plots.